

# **Fluoride content of UK retail tea: comparisons between tea bags and infusions**

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# BACKGROUND

- 2013 paper
- Measured fluoride in 38 retail tea bags, concluding that economy versions represented a risk...

*"Excess fluoride in the diet can lead to detrimental health effects such as fluorosis of the teeth and skeletal fluorosis and consuming economy branded tea will lead to exposure".*

*Chan et al. (2013)*

The screenshot shows the MailOnline Health homepage. At the top, there are navigation links for Home, News, U.S., Sport, TV&Showbiz, Australia, Female, Health, Science, Money, Video, Travel, and Fashion Finder. Below the navigation bar, there are several news thumbnails. One prominent thumbnail on the left is titled "Abandoned to rot, the planes flown by" and another is "Outrage as notorious". To the right of these thumbnails, there are other news items like "Cameron forced to make humiliating", "Tottenham Ayatollah Omar", "Town halls could be forced to bring back", "Wimbledon's £8 Pimm's is just HALF", and "Russia recover". The main headline below the thumbnails reads: "Could cheap tea bags make you ill? Study reveals they contain high fluoride levels that could damage teeth, bones and muscles". Below this headline is a bulleted list of points:

- Fluoride is essential for bone and dental health but over 4mg per day can cause pain, muscle problems and joint and tooth disease in the long-term
- Study analysed fluoride levels in supermarket and branded tea bags
- Found that supermarket value brands from Tesco, Sainsbury's and Asda and Morrisons provided 75% to 120% of your daily intake of substance
- Experts are now calling for fluoride levels to be stated on food packaging

The screenshot shows the Food Research International journal homepage. It features the Elsevier logo, a tree illustration, and the journal title "Food Research International". Below the title, it says "Contents lists available at SciVerse ScienceDirect" and "journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/foodres". There is also a small image of the journal cover.

Human exposure assessment of fluoride from tea (*Camellia sinensis* L.): A UK based issue?

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## DRAWBACKS OF CHAN et al

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- Brewed tea for 2 minutes – longer than the typical brewing time of 30-40 seconds
- Added 2g dry tea to 100ml water – more concentrated than a typical tea bag in a cup or mug (3.125g in 200-250ml water)
- Compared estimated F- intake with the US Dietary Reference Intake of 4 mg/d rather than the EU safe upper level of 7mg/d.

# FLUORIDE RISKS v. BENEFITS

- Dental fluorosis (1-6% prevalence UK)
- Cosmetic impact



- Skeletal fluorosis rare in UK, mainly in countries with high F- in water.

- Stronger tooth enamel
- Inhibits demineralisation

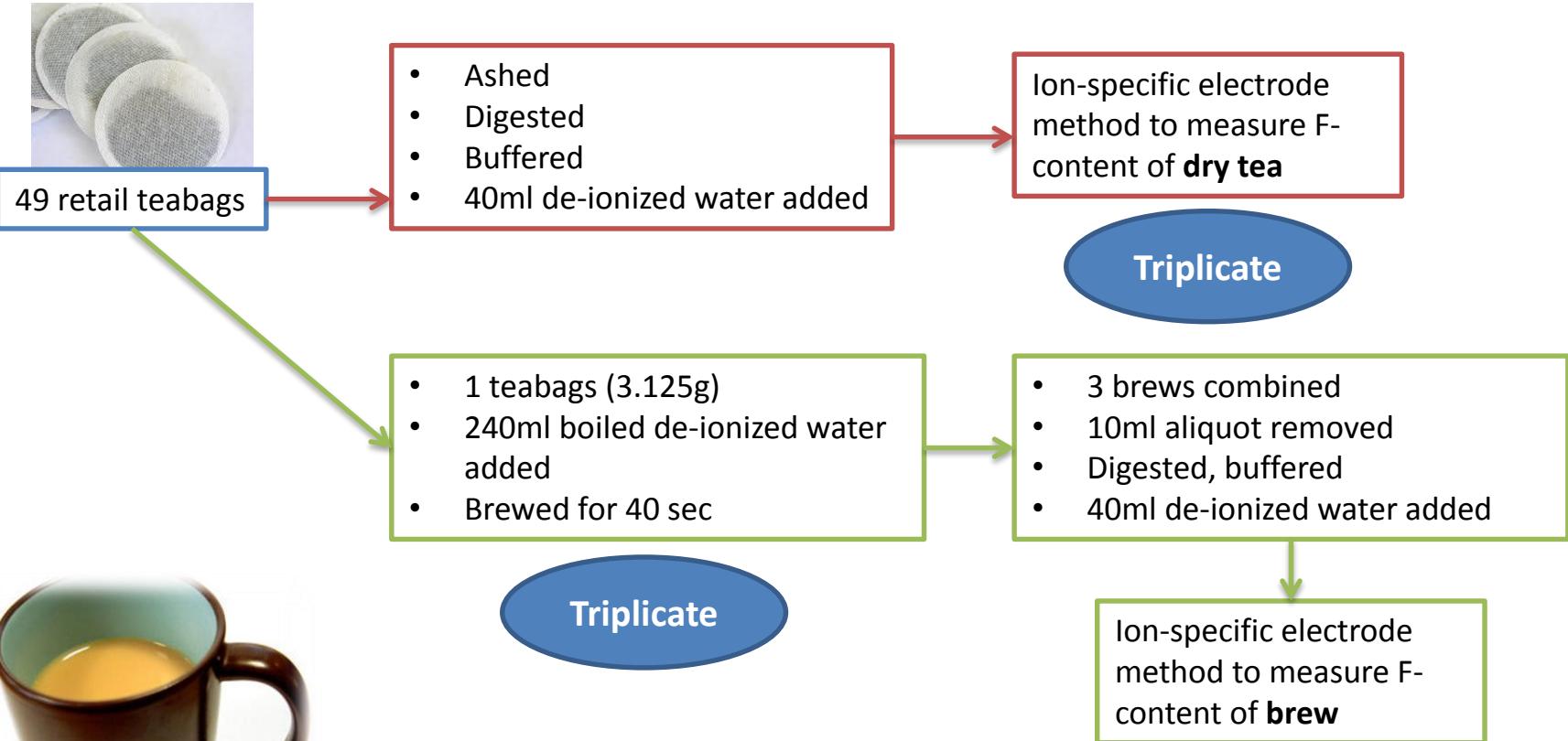
## EU Health Claims

Fluoride strengthens the teeth/enamel;

- Fluoride helps protect the teeth;
- Fluoride helps the teeth recover after meals.

Fluoride contributes to the maintenance of healthy teeth/tooth mineralisation.

# MATERIALS AND METHODS



# RESULTS



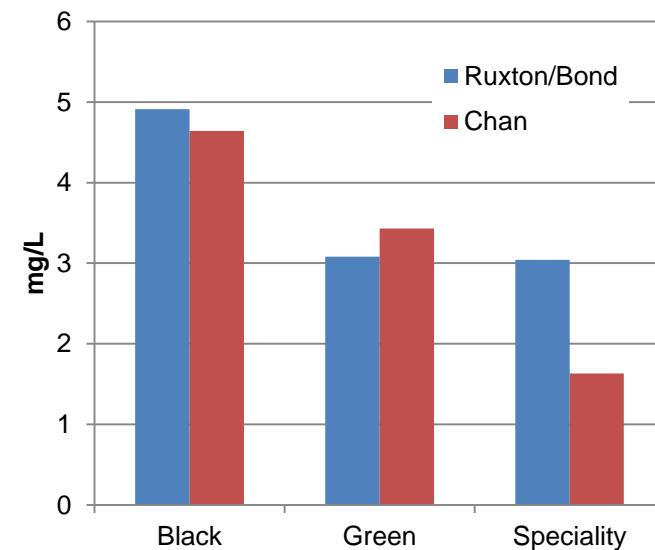
## Dry weight tea

- Black blended 1164 mg/kg
- Speciality/single estate 877 mg/kg
- Decaffeinated 1464 mg/kg
- Figures > Chan which used ion chromatography
- In line with other studies for older (2000 mg/kg) and younger (250 to 300 mg/kg) tea leaves.



## Tea infusions

- Similar findings to Chan for black and green.



# CONSUMPTION OF F- FROM TEA

## Average tea consumption

NDNS (2000)

Adults = 540ml

Older adults = 662ml

+ F- water @ 1ppm

X

## Average F- content of black blended tea

= 4.91 mg/L

= 1.18 mg/serving

*Compared with:*

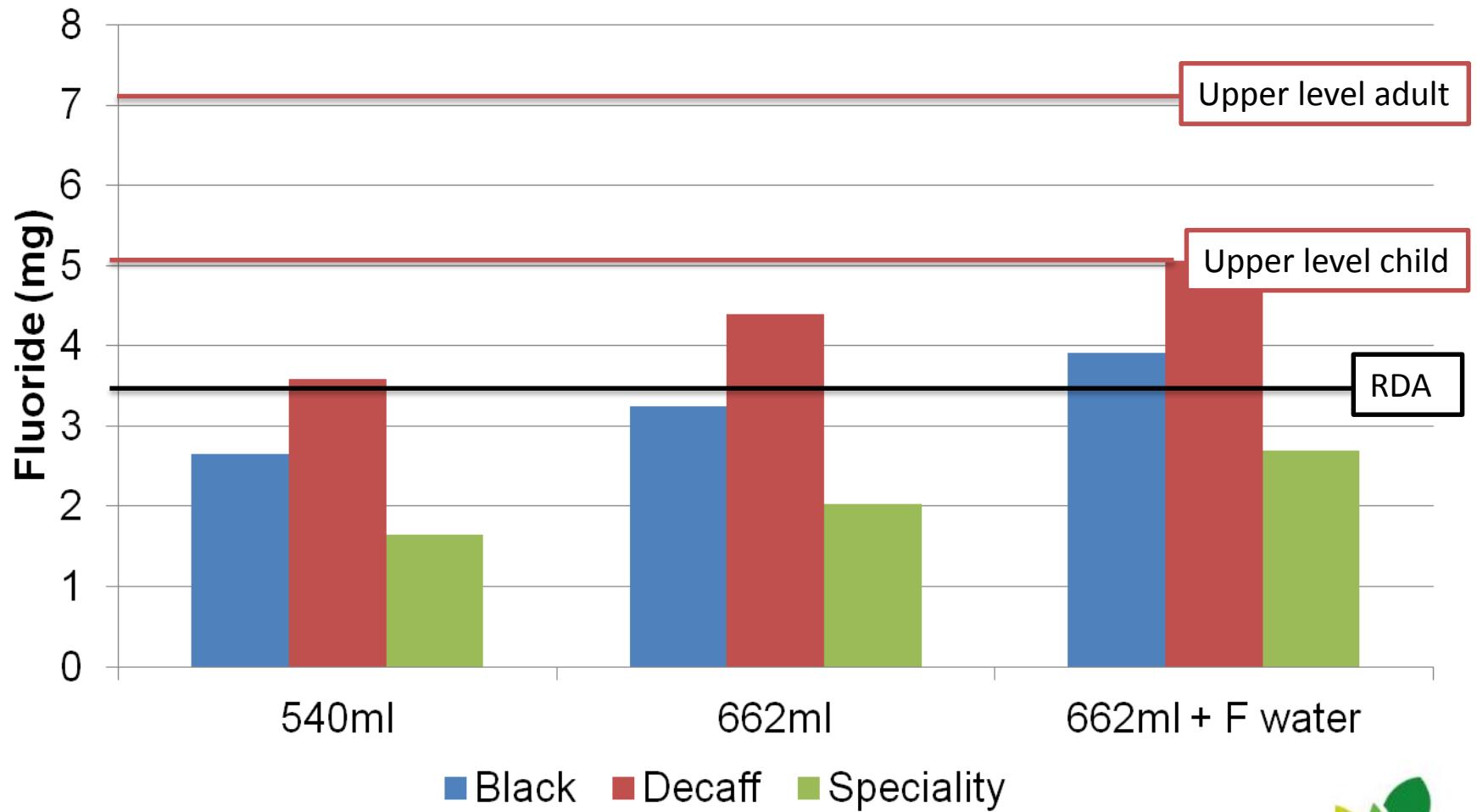
Recommended Daily Allowance (RDA) = 3.5mg

EU upper safe level = 7mg/day (adults)

EU upper safe level = 5mg/day (children 9-14 y)



# AVERAGE F- CONTENT OF BLACK BLENDED TEA



## 2014 NDNS

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- Average daily tea intake = 395 ml
- 95<sup>th</sup> centile of intake = 1155 ml
- Therefore, likely F- intakes from tea still less than upper level
- Updated analysis submitted for publication

## CONCLUSION

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- Current intakes of tea are unlikely to provide fluoride intakes that exceed safe limits for adults and children
- However, current intakes of tea do not provide enough fluoride to meet the RDA
- Therefore, potential dental health benefits of fluoride cannot be accessed unless tea consumption increases to 3-4 servings/d from present intake of 1-2 servings/d.

**The Tea Advisory Panel:** The Tea Advisory Panel is supported by an unrestricted educational grant from the **UK TEA COUNCIL**, the trade association for the UK tea industry. The Panel has been created to provide media with impartial information regarding the health benefits of tea. Panel members include nutritionists; dieticians and doctors. For further information please call **0207 7052 8989**.

**[www.teaadvisorypanel.com](http://www.teaadvisorypanel.com)**

